

UL 5500

Remote Software Updates for the Software Updat

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UL Standard for Safety for Remote Software Updates, UL 5500

First Edition, Dated September 6, 2018

Summary of Topics

This revision of ANSI/UL 5500 dated July 7, 2023 is being issued to update the title page to reflect the most recent designation as a Reaffirmed American National Standard (ANS). No technical changes have been made.

Text that has been changed in any manner or impacted by ULSE's electronic publishing system is marked with a vertical line in the margin.

The requirements are substantially in accordance with Proposal(s) on this subject dated May 19, 2023.

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1

UL 5500

Standard for Safety for Remote Software Updates

First Edition

September 6, 2018

This ANSI/UL Standard for Safety consists of the First Edition including revisions through July 7, 2023.

The most recent designation of ANSI/UL 5500 as a Reaffirmed American National Standard (ANS) occurred on July 7, 2023. ANSI approval for a standard does not include the Cover Page, Transmittal Pages, and Title Page.

Comments or proposals for revisions on any part of the Standard may be submitted to ULSE at any time. Proposals should be submitted via a Proposal Request in the Collaborative Standards Development System (CSDS) at https://csds.ul.com.

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CONTENTS

1	Scope	5
2	Normative references	5
3	Terms and definitions	6
4	Remote Software Update Process	7
	4.1 General	
	4.2 Establish remote connection	8
	4.3 Authentication	9
	4.4 Authorization	9
	4.5 Hardware / Architecture / Software Download Package Compatibility Check	
	4.6. Download/Transmission	0
	4.7 Verification of Received Software Download Package	10
	4.8 Application of Received Software Download Package	10
	4.9 Conclusion of Remote Software Update Process	11
5	Remote Software Update Validation	11
-	4.7 Verification of Received Software Download Package 4.8 Application of Received Software Download Package 4.9 Conclusion of Remote Software Update Process Remote Software Update Validation 5.1 General 5.2 Failure/Status Identification Detection	11
	5.2 Failure/Status Identification Detection	11
	5.3 Response to Error Detection	12
	5.4 Software Download Package Version.	12
6	Documentation & Tracking	12
	5.1 General	

No Text on This Page

STANDARD FOR SAFETY FOR REMOTE SOFTWARE UPDATES

1 Scope

This standard covers REMOTE software updates taking into account the manufacturer's recommended process. It is limited to software elements having an influence on safety and on compliance with the particular end product safety standard.

This standard additionally covers hardware compatibility necessary for safety of the REMOTE software update. 7 to 11 1 5500 2022

NOTE 1 This standard does not cover:

- Functional SECURITY such as premises, physical, and other similar SECURITY purposes;
- Safety related availability or connectivity of REMOTE communications;
- Field updates done with physical access by qualified personnel;
- Software development lifecycle and maturity;
- Cryptographic techniques for the purposes of user data confidentiality and consumer privacy;
- Insider threat (corporate espionage); and
- REMOTE control operation of the product.

NOTE 2 This standard is intended to be used in conjunction with the appropriate end product safety standard.

2 Normative references

For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies:

FIPS 140-2, (Annexes A. B and C) Security Requirements for Cryptographic Modules

IEEE 802.3, Standard for Ethernet

IEEE 802.11, Information Technology – Telecommunications and Information Exchange Between Systems – Local and Metropolitan Area Networks – Specific Requirements Part 11: Wireless LAN Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) Specifications

IEEE 802.15.4, Standard for Low-Rate Wireless Networks

ISO/IEC 9796, Information Technology - Security Technologies - Digital Signature Scheme Giving Message Recovery

ISO/IEC 9797-1, Information Technology - Security Technologies - Message Authentication Codes (MACs)

ISO/IEC 9798 (all parts), Information Technology – Security Technologies – Entity Authentication

ISO/IEC 10118-1, Information Technology – Security Technologies – Hash-Functions – Part 1: General

ISO/IEC 14888-1, Information Technology – Security Technologies – Digital Signatures with Appendix – Part 1: General

ISO/IEC 15946-1, Information Technology – Security Technologies – Cryptographic Techniques Based on Elliptic Curves – Part 1: General

ISO/IEC 18033-1, Information Technology – Security Technologies – Encryption Algorithms – Part 1: General

ISO/IEC 29192-1, Information Technology – Security Techniques – Lightweight Cryptography – Part 1: General

ISO/IEC 19772, Information Technology - Security Techniques - Authenticated Encryption

NIST SP 800-56A, Recommendation for Pair-Wise Key Establishment Schemes Using Discrete Logarithm Cryptography

NIST SP 800-57, Recommendation for Key Management, Part 1: General

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this standard, the following definitions apply

the process of verifying the identity of an ENTITY.

AUTHORIZATION

the process of permitting an authenticated ENTITY to access or manipulate the product or the product property to the extent the ENTITY has such permission.

Note to entry: In this context, manipulation means the downloading, installation and verification of software.

3.3

a person, device, product or service which interacts with another via a network.

3.4

an occurrence that actually or potentially results in adverse safety consequences in the end device application.

Note to entry: INCIDENT is modified from: https://niccs.us-cert.gov/glossary#I

3.5

REMOTE

a term defined by the end product standard.

Note to entry: In the end product application, the term potentially addresses, but is not limited to the following conditions:

- supervision;

- intervention;
- whether the presence of the hazard is detectable;
- distance from the device; and
- physical access to the device or devices.

3.6

SECURITY

the state of having acceptable risk, as determined by the end product standard, that particular SECURITY threats do not exploit a particular SECURITY vulnerability leading to safety hazard(s).

Note to entry: This term is also known as cybersecurity.

3.7

SOFTWARE DOWNLOAD PACKAGE

element that could include software, firmware or safety parametric data.

4 Remote Software Update Process

4.1 General

7F 01/11 5500 2022 4.1.1 The REMOTE software update process shall not result in a risk of fire, electrical shock, injury to persons, loss of one or more safety functions, or other hazard as specified in the relevant end product standard. The remote software update process, including any AUTHENTICATION and encryption processes, shall include means to prioritize hardware and software interrupts of the operational firmware.

Compliance is checked by applying the requirements of 4.1.2 and 4.2 to 4.9

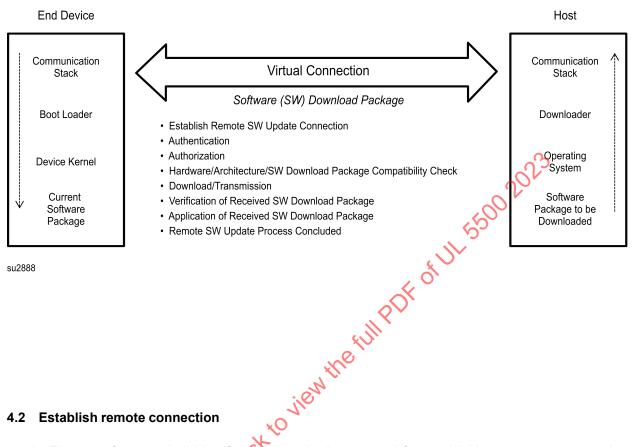
4.1.2 The software update process shall implement a suitable means for connection between a host and one or more target end devices for the SOFTWARE DOWNLOAD PACKAGE.

Validation of the REMOTE software update process in accordance with the requirements of this standard and the relevant end product standard shall include the following process steps. The steps may be discrete or combined and may be reordered by the end product requirements:

- Establish REMOTE Connection (see 4.2)
- AUTHENTICATION (see 4.3)
- AUTHORIZATION (see 4.4)
- Hardware/Architecture/SOFTWARE DOWNLOAD PACKAGE Compatibility Check (see 4.5)
- Download/(Re-)Transmission (see 4.6)
- Verification of Received SOFTWARE DOWNLOAD PACKAGE (see 4.7)
- Application of Received SOFTWARE DOWNLOAD PACKAGE (see 4.8)
- Software Update Process Concluded (see 4.9)

Compliance is checked by inspection.

Figure 4.1 **Example of REMOTE Communication Path for Software Update Process**



4.2 Establish remote connection

4.2.1 The manufacturer shall identify a communication protocol for establishing a REMOTE connection between the host and end device.

Compliance is checked by inspection. Suitable technologies that may be used include, but are not limited to:

- IEEE 802.3;
- IEEE 802.11
- IEEE 802.15.4;
- Other open source and proprietary methodologies.

NOTE: Link and transport layer cryptographic techniques for these protocols may be used to fulfill the requirement of 4.6.

4.2.2 The REMOTE software download process shall include means to identify the host and end device entities. Unless otherwise specified in the end product standard or by regulation, the manufacturer shall specify the means for unique identification of the end product.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

4.3 Authentication

The AUTHENTICATION process shall

- Establish the respective identities of the host and end device(s); and
- Include suitable means for verifying the host and end device entities are, by design, those intended to be engaged in REMOTE software update.

AUTHENTICATION attributes shall be encrypted.

NOTE: Suitable means may include digital certificates, device IDs, serial numbers, white listing and known-answer tests.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

4.4 Authorization

The AUTHORIZATION process shall:

- Include suitable means for verifying that the host ENTITY has the manufacturer specified REMOTE software update rights; or
- Include suitable means for verifying that the end device may engage the host ENTITY in the receipt and installation of a REMOTE SOFTWARE DOWNLOAD PACKAGE.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

4.5 Hardware / Architecture / Software Download Package Compatibility Check

Means for a hardware / architecture / SOFTWARE DOWNLOAD PACKAGE compatibility check shall be provided. Such means shall be one of the following:

- An end device means that demonstrates its hardware and software architecture is compatible with the SOFTWARE DOWNLOAD PACKAGE;
- The SOFTWARE DOWNLOAD PACKAGE is on a pre-selection list of manufacturer-specified SOFTWARE DOWNLOAD PACKAGES previously found compatible.

NOTE: Software previously found to meet the necessary criteria is also known as a "whitelisted application."

Compliance is checked by inspection.

4.6 Download/Transmission

Data transmission shall be encrypted. Suitable means for encryption shall be industry standard cryptographic techniques as described in one or more of the following:

- ISO/IEC 9796;
- ISO/IEC 9797-1;
- ISO/IEC 9798-1;

ISO/IEC 10118-1;
ISO/IEC 14888-1;
ISO/IEC 15946-1;
ISO/IEC 18033-1;
ISO/IEC 29192-1;
ISO/IEC 19772;
NIST SP 800-56A;
NIST SP 800-57; or
FIPS 140-2, (Annexes A, B and C)

Other suitable cryptographic techniques shown to be equivalent to the industry standard cryptographic techniques fulfill these requirements.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

4.7 Verification of Received Software Download Package

The detailed requirements for verification of the received SOFTWARE DOWNLOAD PACKAGE to end devices are device-specific and are as described in the end product standard.

Verification of the received SOFTWARE DOWNLOAD PACKAGE process shall include a check for authenticity of the SOFTWARE DOWNLOAD PACKAGE with respect to the version management process (Clause 6), SOFTWARE DOWNLOAD PACKAGE data integrity and hardware / architecture / SOFTWARE DOWNLOAD PACKAGE compatibility. However, a check for compatibility is not required where incompatibility affecting safety is precluded by the end product design.

Compliance is checked by inspection.

4.8 Application of Received Software Download Package

The detailed requirements for the application to end devices of the received SOFTWARE DOWNLOAD PACKAGE are device-specific and are as described in the end product standard.

Application of the received SOFTWARE DOWNLOAD PACKAGE process shall:

- Include a means to verify suitable conditions are present to apply the received SOFTWARE DOWNLOAD PACKAGE to the end device; or
- If the end device is operable during application of the received SOFTWARE DOWNLOAD PACKAGE, the device shall continue to comply with the requirements of the end product standard during this application.

Compliance is checked by inspection.